Diplomatic Branch.—This branch of the state Repartment burge of all correspondence between the department and oil, formatic agents of the United States abread, and those of foreign re-accredited to this government. In it all diplomatic instru-ent from the department, and communications to commissioner or freaties of boundaries, then, are prepared, copied, and recorded it of like character received are registered and filed, their con-ing first entered in an analytic table or index.

first entered is an analytic table or mack.

scalar Branck.—This branch has charge of the correspective in the department and the consule and commercia.

United States. In it instructions to those officers, and it despatches and to letters from other persons salting for ency, or relating to consular affairs, are prepared and re-The Disturring Agent.—He has charge of all correspondence and ther matters connected with accounts relating to any fund with the assurance of which the department is charged.

The Translator,—His duties are to furnish such translate epartment may require. He also records the commissions and vice consuls, when not in English, upon which exeq

Cierk of Appointments and Commissions.—He makes out and records ommissions, letters of appointment, and commissions to the Senate, and records exequators, and records, when in English, the immusions on which they are issued. Has charge of the library. commissions on which they are issued. Has charge of the library. Clerk of the Rolls and Archives.—He takes charge of the rolls, or onolled acts and resolutions of Congress, as they are received at the deartiment from the President; prepare the authenticated expose thereof
theth are called for; prepare for, and superintends their publication,
and that of treaties, in the newspapers and in book form; attends to
their distribution throughout the United States, and that of all docknemts and publications in repard to which this duty is assigned to the
partiment; writing and answering all letters connected therewish
has charge of all Indian treaties, and business relating thereto.

Clerk of Authoritorious and Copyrights.—He has charge of the cals of the United States and of the department, and prepares and vaches certificates to papers presented for authoritorious receives a decounts for the fees. Has charge of publications transmitted to edepartment under the laws relating to copyrights; records and invest their tillies; records all letters from the department, other than ediplomatic and consular.

he diplomatic and consular.

Clerk of Pardons and Passioris—He propares and records pardons and remissions; and registers and files the politions and papers on thich they are founded. Makes out and records passports, keeps a salty regrester of all letters, other than diplomatic and consular, received, and of the disposition made of them; prepares letters relating this having the property of the disposition of the majority of the property of t

ATOMOT GENERAL'S OFFICE.

Hon. Jeremiah S. Black, Attorney General of the United States; A. B. McCalmont, esq., chief clerk. The ordinary business of this office may be classified under the following heads:

1. Official optimins on the current business of the government, as called for by the President, by any head of department, or by the Solicitor of the Treasury.

2. Examination of the titles of all land purchased, as the sites of araconis, custom-houses, light houses, and all other public works of the United States.

3. Applications for pardons in all cases of conviction in the courts of the United States.

of the government.

a. The conduct and argument of all suits in the Supreme Court of
the United States in which the government is concerned.

6. The supervision of all other suits arising in any of the departments when referred by the head thereof to the Attorney General.

To these criticary heads of the business of the office are added at
the present time the following, viz:

Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Hon. Jacob Thompson, of the State of Mississippi. Be clerical force consists of one chief clerk, (Moses Kelly, esq.) two disbursting clerks, and ten other regular clerks; and to its supervision and management are committed the following branches of the public service:

Int. The Public Landa. The chief of this bureau is called the Commissioner of the General Land Office. The Land Bureau is charged with the survey, management, and sale of the public demain, and the issuing of titlee therefor, whether derived from confirmations of grants and by the property of the confirmation of grants for schools, military bounties, or public improvements, and likewise the revision of Virgina military bounty-land claims, and the issuing of scrip in hen thereof. The Land Office, also, audits its own accounts. The present Commissioner is Hon. T. A. Hendricks, of Indiana. Its principal effects of surveys, because a draughtsman, assistant draughtsman, and some 150 clerks of various grades.

ipal onlicers are a recovery except the control of this bureau is George C. Althous grades.

2d. Postions.—The present head of this bureau is George C. Shiting, of Virginia. The commissioner is charged with the examination and adjudication of all claims arising under the various and amnerous laws passed by Congress granting bounty land or pensions for the military or naval services in the recolutionary and subsequent wars in which the United States have been engaged. He has one their clerk, C. Cole, esq.,) and a permanent corps consisting of some interveiller clerks.

his clerk, (S. Cole, esq.,) and a permanent corps consisting of some linet; other clerks.

3d. Indians.—Commissioner of Indian Affairs, Charles E. Mix, of Secretown, D. C. He is provided with a chief clerk and about fateen other subordinate clerks.

4th. Patent Office.—To this bureau is committed the execution and performance of all "acts and things touching and respecting the granting and issuing of patents for new and useful discoveries, inventions, and improvements;" the collection of statistics relating to agriculture; the collection and distribution of seeds, plants, and cuttings. It has a chief-clerk—who is by law the scring Commissioner of Patents in the absence of the Commissioner—twelve principal, and twelve assistant examiners of patents, some dozen subordinate permanent clerks, besides a considerable number of temporary employees. Hon. Joseph Holt is the Commissioner, and Samuel T. Shugert, eq., Chief Clerk.

Joseph Holt is the Commissioner, and Samuel T. Shugert, esq., Chlef Clork.

Besides these four principal branches of this new executive department, the organic act of 1849 transferred to it from the Treasury Department the organic act of 1849 transferred to it from the Treasury Department the supervision of the accounts of the United States marshals and attorneys, and the clerks of the United States courts, the management of the lead and other mines of the United States, and the adarra of the penitentiary of the United States in the District of Columbia; and from the State Department the duty of taking and returning the censuses of the United States, and of supervising and directing the acts of the Commissioner of Public Buildings. The hospital for the hisane of the Commissioner of Public Buildings. The hospital for the hisane of the army and navy and of the District of Columbia is also under the headagement of this department; in addition to which, by laws recently passed, the Secretary of the Interior is charged with the construction of the three wagen reads leading to the Pacific coar.

The department requires an additional building for its eccommodation, and the erection of one has been repeatedly recommended during the last few years for that purpose. At present the Pension Office is provided with rooms in what is known as "Winder's Building," while the other transfers of the department, including the Secretary's office, are all crowded into the Patent Office how which it was originally intended.

The Treasury Department consists of the offices of the Secretary of the Treasury, two comptrollers, commissioner of the customs, six au-nors, treasurer, register, solicitor, light-house board, and coast sur-The following is a brief indication of the duties of these several offi-ces, and of the force employed therein, respectively:

Sorreary's Office.—Hoe Howell Cobb, Secretary of the Treasury, Hon. Philly Clayton, Assistant Secretary; one engineer in charge; one architect, and three draughtemen temperarily employed, and twenty-three clerks. The Secretary of the Treasury is charged with the general supervision of the fiscal transactions of the government, and of the excention of the laws concerning the commerce and navigation of the United States. He superintends the survey of the coast, the light-house establishment, the marine hospitals of the United States, and the construction of certain public buildings for custom-houses and other purposes.

First Comptroller's Office.—Hon. William Medill, Comptroller, and fitcen elects. He prescribes the mode of keeping and rendering accounts for the civil and diplomatic service, as well as the public lands, and revises and certifies the balances arising thereon.

Second Comptroller's Office.—J M. Cutts, esq., Comptroller, eventeen clerks. He prescribes the mode of keeping and rengthe accounts of the army, navy, and Indian departments of ublic service, and revises and certifies the balances arising ther Office of Commissioner of the Customs.—Samuel Ingham, esquentissioner, and eleven clerks. He prescribes the mode of keeping

First Auditor's Office.—Thomas L. Smith, eq., First Auditor, and inetcen clarks. He receives and adjusts the accounts of the customs werenn and disbursements, appropriations and expenditures on account of the civil list and under private acts of Congress, and reports to balances to the Commissioner of the Customs and the First Comproller, respectively for their declaion thereon.

Froiter, respectively for their decision intercent.

Second Auditor's Office.—Thomas J. D. Fuller, Second Auditor, and wenty-one clorks. He receives and adjusts all accounts relating to the pay, clothing, and recruiting of the army, as well as armories, averania, and ordnance, and all accounts relating to the initian department, and reports the balances to the Second Comptroller for his decision thereon.

aton thereon.

Third Austico's Office.—Robert J. Atkinson, esq., Third Auditor, and neventy-eight clerks. He receives and adjusts all accounts for subsistence of the army, fortifications, Military Academy, military reads, and the Quariermaster's department, as well as for pensions, claims arising from military services provious to 1816, and for horses and other property lost in the military service, under various acts of Congress, and reports the balances to the Second Comptreller for his decision thereon.

Fifth Auditor's Office.—Murray McCournel, esq., Fifth Auditor, and or clerks. He receives and adjusts all accounts for diplomatic and mills reviews performed under the direction of the State Department, and reports the balances to the Fica Comptroller for his decision

Sixth Auditor's Office.—Dr. Thomas M. Tate, auditor of the Treasury for the Fost Office Department, and one hundred and fourteen clorks. He receives and adjusts all accounts arising from the service of the Post Office Department. His decisions are that, unless an appeal be taken in twelve months to the First Compredier. He super-listents the collection of all debts due the Post Office Department, and all penalties and forbistures imposed on postmaters and mail contractors for fealing to do their duty; he directs suits and legal proceedings, civil and criminal, and taken all such measures as may be authorized by law to enforce the prompt payment of moneys due to the department; instructing United States attorneys, marshals, and clorks in all matters relating therete; and receives returns from each term of the United States courts of the condition and progress of such suits and legal process Cings; has charge of all lands and other property assigned to the United States in payment of debts due the Post Office Department, and has power to sell and dispose of the same for the Dencit of the United States.

Percent of the United States

2'consurer's Office.—Samuel Casey, esq., Treasurer, and thirteen clerks. He receives and keeps the moneys of the United States in his own office, and that of the depositres created by the act of the 6th of August, 1846, and pays out the same upon warrants drawn by the Secretary of the Treasurer, counteresigned by the First Comproviller, and upon warrants drawn by the Postmaster General, and countersigned by the Static Anditor, and recorded by the Register. He also holds public moneys advances by warrant to disbusing officers, and pays out the same upon their obsects.

K glater's Office - Finlay B. Register, eaq., and twenty-nine clerks. accept the accounts of public receipts and expenditures; returns and makes out the official statement of commerce ion of the United States; and receives from the First Co-Commissioner of Contons and accounts and vouchers de 5, and is obtargut by law with their acfe keeping.

Solicitor's Office.—Hom. Junius Hillyer, Solicitor, and six cierks. The superintends all civil suits considenced by the United States, (except these arising in the Patt Office Department.) and instructs the United States all storings, marshalas, and clerks in all matters relating to them and their results. He receives returns from each term of the United States coverts, showing the progress and condition of such sailts has charge of all lands and other property assigned to the United States in payment of debts, (except these sixtigated to the United States in payment of debts, (except these sixtigated to payment of debts due the Pool Office Department,) and has power to self and dispose of the same for the benefit of the United States.

the same for the benefit of the United States.

Light-House Heard.—Hon. Howell Cobb, Secretary of the Treasury, exoficio, president, Com. W. B. Shubrick, United States cavy, chairman; Gen. J. G. Rotten, United States army, Capt. A. A. Homphreys, United States army Prof. Joseph Henry, secretary of Smithsonian Institution, Capt. Samuel Barron, United States may, Communiter Thornton A grantine, United States away, and Captain Win. B. Franklin, United States army, secretaries; and five clerks. This board directs the building and repairing of Bight-houses, light-ressels, buoys, and beacons, contracts for supplies of oil, &c.

contracts for supplies of oil, Ac.

United States Coast Survey, Office.—Professor A. D. Bache, I.L. D., supportuneudent, and superintendent of weights and measures.

Capt. M. L. Smith, topographical engineers, assistant, in charge of he Coast Survey Office.

A. W. Romoni, chief clork.

C. B. Snow, in charge of archives.

Professor A. G. Pendleton, United States mavy, computer of longitudes.

Assistant Chas. A. Schott, in charge of computing division, Assistant L. F. Pourlaies, in charge of tidal division. Licut. J. C. Tidball, United States army, in charge of drawing

Lieut. Saxton, United States army, to charge of engraving divi ion.
Samuel Heln, disbursing agent.
George Mathiot, electrotypist.
Joseph Saxton, assistant to superintendent of weights and mean

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT.

the Inspection Office, in charge of the chief clerk.

Appointment Office.—Horatio King, esq., First Assistant Postmaster General, and mineteen clerks. To this office are assigned all questions which relate to the establishment and discontinuance of pest offices, changes of sites and manes, appointment and removal of postmasters and route and local agents, as, also, the giving "of "instructions to pest-matters. Postmasters are furnished with marking and rating stamps and letter balances by this bureau, which is charged also with providing blanks and stathoury for the use of the department, and with the superintendence of the several agencies established for supplying postmasters with blanks. To this bureau is livewise assigned the supervision of the ocean mail steamship lines, and of the foreign and international postal arrangements.

pervision of the ocean mail steamship lines, and of the foreign and international postal arrangements.

Contract Office.—William H. Dundas, esq., Second Assistant Fostmaster General, and twenty-six clerks. To this office is assig and the business of arranging the mail service of the United States, and picking the same under contract, embracing all correspondence and proceedings respecting the frequency of trips, mode of conveyance, and times of departures and arrivals on all the routes; the course of the mail between the different sections of the country, the points of mail distribution, and the regulations for the government of the domestic mail service of the United States. It prepares the advertisements for mail proposals, receives the bids, and takes charge of the annual and occasional mail lettings, and the adjustment and execution of the contract. All applications for the establishment or alteration of mail arrangements, and the appointment of mail messengers, should be sent to this office. All applications for the establishment or alteration of mail arrangements, and the contract office as a necessary authority for the proper credits at the Auditor's Office. From this office all postmasters at the ends of routes receive the statement of mail arrangements prescribed for the respective routes. It reports weekly to the Auditor all contracts executed, and all orders affecting accounts for mail transportation; prepares the statistical exhibits of the mail service, and the reports of the mail lettings, giving a statement of each bid; also, of the contracts made, the new service originated, the curtailments ordered, and the additional allowances granted within the year.

Figure Office.—John Marron, esq., Third Assistant Postmaster Concept of the mail service and the service of the mail service of the propers of the propers of the contracts and the additional allowances granted within the year.

additional allowances granted within the year.

Finance Office.—John Marron, esq., Third Assistant Postmaster General, and twenty-one clerks. To this office are assigned the supervision and management of the financial business of the department, not devolved by law upon the Assistic, embracing accounts with the strate offices and other depositaries of the department, the issuing of warrants and drafts in payment of belances reported by the Anditor to be due to mail contractors and other persons, the supervision of the accounts of offices under orders to deposite their quarterly halances at designated points, and the superintendence of the rendition by postmasters of their quarterly returns of postages. It has charge of the dead detter office, of the issuing of postage stamps and stamped of the dead detter office, of the issuing of postage stamps and stamped cuvelepes for the pre-payment of postage, and of the accounts connected therewith.

envelopes for the pre-payment of postage, and of the accounts connected therewith.

To the Third Assistant Postmaster General all postmasters should direct their quarterly returns of postage; those at draft offices, their letters reporting quarterly the net proceeds of their offices; and those at depositing offices, their certificates of deposite; to him should also be directed the weekly and monthly returns of the depositures of the department, as well as all applications and receipts for postage stamps and stamped envelopes, and for dead letters.

Inspection Office. John Oakford, esq., chief clerk, and seventeen clerks. To this office is assigned the duty of receiving and examining the

Inspection Office.—John Oakford, esq., chief clerk, and seventeen clorks. To this office is assigned the duty of receiving and examining the registers of the arrivals and departures of the mails, certificates of the service of route agents, and reports of mail failures; of noting the described of contractors, and preparing cases thereon for the action of the Postmaster General; furnishing blanks for mail registers, and reports of mail failures; providing and sending out mail-bags and mail-locks and keys, and doing all other things which may be necessary to secure a fathful and exact performance of all mail contracts. All cases of mail depredation, of violation of law by private expresses, or by the forging or illegal use of postage stamps, are under the supervision of this office, and aboud be reported to it.

All communications respecting lost money, letters, mail depredations, or other violations of law, or mail-locks and keys, should be directed "Chief Clerk, Post Office Department."

All registers of the arrivals and departures of the mails, certificates of the service of rude agents, reports of mail failures, applications for blank registers, and reports of failures, and all complaints against contractors for irregular or imperfect service, should be directed "Inspection Office, Post Office Department."

The Navy Department consists of the Navy Department proper, being the office of the Secretary and of five bureaus attached thereto, viz: Bureau of Navy-yards and Decks, Bureau of Construction, Equipment, and Repair, Bureau of Providens and Clothing, Bureau of Ordnauce and Hydrography, and the Bureau of Medicine and Surgery.

The following is a statement of the duties of each of these offices and of the force employed theretu:

of the force employed therein:

Secretary's Office—Hon, Isaac Toucey, Secretary of the Navy; Charles

Weblab, eag, chief clark, and eleven clerks. The Secretary of the
Navy has charge of everything connected with the naval entablishment, and the execution of all laws relating thereto is intrusted to him,
maker the general direction of the President of the United States, who,
hy the constitution, is commander of englations and commanders of
vessels, all orders of officers, commissions of officers both in the
navy and marine corps, appointments of commissioned and warrant
officers, orders for the enlistment and discharge of seamon, emanate
from the Secretary's effice. All the duties of the different bursum are
performed under the authority of the Secretary, and their orders are
considered as emanating from him. The general superintendence of
the marine corps forms, also, a part of the duties of the Recretary, and
all the orders of the commandant of that corps should be approved by
him.

Bureau of Navy Yards and Docks.—Commodore Joseph Smith, chief All the navy yards, docks and wharves, buildings and machinery in navy yards, and everything immediately connected with them, are ender the superintendence of this bureau. It is also charged with the management of the Navai Asylum.

Bureau of Construction, Equipment, and Repair. - John Lenthall, esq. chief of the bureau, eight clerks, and one draughtsman. The office of the engineer in chief of the navy Samuel Archbold, esq., is attached to his bureau, who is assisted by three assistant engineers. This bureau ime charge of the building and repairs of all vessels-of-war, purchase

Bureau of Provisions and Clothing.—H. Bridge, purser United States axy, chief of bureau, and four clerks. All provisions for the use of the navy, and clothing, together with the making of contracts for fur-tishing the same, come under the charge of this bureau.

hishing the same, come under the charge of this bureau.

Bureau of Ordnance and Hydrography.—Capt.\* Doncan Ingraham, chief of bureau, four clerks, and one draughtsmau. This bureau has charge of all ordnance and ordnance stores, the manufacture or purchase of cannon, guns, powder, shot, shells, &c., and the equipment of vessels of war, with everything connected therewith. It also provides them with maps, charte, chronometers, barometers, &c., together with such books as are furnished ships of war. "The United states Naval Observatory and Hydrographical Office" at Washington, and the Naval Academy at Annapolis, are also under the general superintendence of the chief of this bureau.

Bureau of Medicine and Surgery.—Dr. William Whelan, surgeon United States mays, chief of bureau; one passed assistant surgeon United States mays, and two clerks. Everything relating to medicines and medical stores, treatment of sick and wounded, and management of bespitals, comes within the superintendence of this bureau.

WAR DEPARTMENT.

Hon. J. B. Floyd, Secretary of War; W. R. Brinkard, chief clerk, seven subordinate clerks, two messeagers, and four watching. The offlowing bureaus are attached to this department: Commanding General's Office.—This office, at the head of which is seutenant General Scott, is at New York.

Adjutant General's Office.—Col. Samuel Cooper, Adjutant General, assistants—Brevet Major E. D. Townsend, Brevet Capt. S. Williams, and Brevet Capt. J. P. Garesche. Judge Advocate, Brevet Major John F. Lee, unce clarks and one messenger. In this office are kept all he records which refer to the personnel of the army, the rolls, &c. t is here where all military commissions are made out. it is here where all military comm

Quariermaster General's Office.—Brevet Major General T. S. Jesup quartermaster general. Assistants—Colonel C. Thomas, Captain M. S. Millier, and Brevet Major J. Belgor; eleven clerks and one messenger. Paymaster General's Office.—Col. B. F. Larnest, paymaster general Major T. J. izelle, district paymaster; eight clerks and one messenger.

Surgeon General's Office.—Gen. Thomas Lawson, surgeon general asistants, Dr. R. C. Wood and Dr. G. K. Wood; three clerks. Engineer Office.—General Joseph G. Totten, chief engineer; assistant optain H. G. Wright; five clerks and one messenger.

Topographical Bureau.—Col. J. J. Abert, colonel of the corps; as istant, Captain J. C. Woodruff; four clerks and one messenger. Ordnance Bureau.—Col. H. R. Craig, colonel of ordnance; assistant Capt. Wm. Maynadier; eight clerks and one messenger.

INTERESTING TO LADIES.—When in the course of human events ladies and gentlemen lose one of their greatest natural attractions—a fine head of hair—it becomes a matter of serious importance, and the question is, What shall we do to stop the hair from folling off and restors its vigor and beauty? In reply to this query we hag to say try Dr. Harris's Hair Promoter and Improver. A few applications will stop the hair falling or breaking, remove dantiruf, keep the scalp clean and white, and impart freshness and vigor to the hair; and, although you may have been bald twenty years, the continued use of it two months will insure you a luxuriant head of bair. Call and get a bottle, and, if not satisfied after the second application, return it and get the price paid.

Ask for Dr. Harris's Hair Promoter and Improver. Sold in Richmond by

Corner Maine and 18th and Main and Wall streets.

So, in Washington by Z. D. GLIMAN, drugsgist, Pennsylvania avenue, near. 7th street, and B. CLARK, 4½ street and Penn. avenue.

May 21—3m

OFFICERS OF THE CORPORATION OF

Mayor—James G. Berret,
Repister—William Morgan,
Corporation Muracy—James M. Carliste,
Tax Cleris—William J. Donoho,
Book keeper—Edwin J. Riopfer,
Measenger—William Q. Leeks,
Collector—James F. Haliday, Clerks—Re
L, Williams ams. William Forsyth.

Surveyor—William Forsyth.

First Ward—Dr. P. C. Devis, J. B. H. Smith, esq.
Scowel Ward—Dr. R. K. Stone, James E. Dannawin, esq.
Scowel Ward—Dr. R. K. Stone, James E. Dannawin, esq.
Floorfa Ward—Dr. W. C. Palmer, Joseph Bryan, esq.
Floorfa Ward—Dr. W. P. Johnston, Francis Mohim, esq.
Floorfa Ward—Dr. G. Rockey, J. P. Ingle, esq.
Swah Ward—Dr. J. E. Morgan, Honry A. Clarke, esq.
Scowala Ward—Dr. J. E. Morgan, Honry A. Clarke, esq.
First Ward—David G. Ridgely,
Second Ward—Andrew W. Righes.
Floorfa Ward—Andrew W. Righes.
Floorfa Ward—James N. Callan,
Flyth Ward—James D. O'Donnell,
Scouth Ward—Je. B. Carke.

FITSGGANG TO THE POOR.

FIGUREAUS TO THE POOR.

First Ward—Philip C. Bavis, M. D.
Second Ward—J. W. H. Lovejoy, M. D.
Third Ward—Gourge M. Dale, M. D.
Fluth Ward—J. M. Foner, M. D.
Fifth Ward—J. M. Grymos, M. D.
Senath Ward—J. M. Roberts, M. D.
Senath Ward—J. E. Willett, M. D.
Commissioner of Health—Charles F. Force, M. D.
Commissioner of Health—Charles F. Force, M. D.

Commissioner of Hoalin—Charles F. Force, M. D.

BEABO OF ALDREMEN.

First Ward—Geo. W. Raggs and Wm. T. Dove, (president,)

Second Ward—Thomas Muler and Thomas J. Fisher

Third Ward—Thomas Donoho and Doseph E. Roows.

Forth Ward—Edmund Barry and C. W. C. Donnington.

Sight Ward—Edmund Barry and C. W. C. Donnington.

Sight Ward—Robert Clarke and Aaron W. Miller.

Severalls Ward—John I. Smith and Peter M. Pearson.

Secretary to the Board—Erasmus J. Middleton.

Messenger—Jacob Kleiber.

Messenger—Jacob Kleiber.

Committee or the Board of Aldennics.

On Finance—Messirs. Riggs, Brown, and Smith.

Improvements—Messirs. T. Miller, Moore, and Pearson.

Poice—Messirs. Mohun, Barry, and Smith.

Claims—Messirs. Brown, Barry, and Pearson.

Schools—Messirs. Brondo, Dunnington, and Clark.

Fire Department—Messirs. Fisher, Barry, and A. W. J.

Ricctions—Messirs. Moore, Philor, and Clark.

Drainings, Saverage, and Distribution of Water—Messiller, and Pearson.

On Unfinished Business—Meesirs. A. W. Miller, Dulmith.

A. W. Miller.

Health of the City. Messrs. T. Miller, Mohun, and Clark.

Genal. Messrs. Brown and Peason.

Whatres. Messrs. Bround and Smith.

Enrolled Bills. Mr. Moore.

Accounts of Repister. Mr. Barry.

Money Transactions of the Corporation.—Mr. Riggs.

Eligibility of Assessors. Messrs. A. W. Miller, Pleher, and Smith.

To Count and Detroy Due Bills.—Mr. Pisher.

To Attend to the Interest of the Corporation before Congress.—Messrs annington, Riggs, and Clark.

BOARD OF COMMON COPPUTE.

Hare.
Fourth Ward—Stephen D. Castleman, Elijah Edme

COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD OF COMMON COUNCIL On Ways and Means Messrs. Jones, Turton, Tree, Castler eswick, Ober, and Lloyd. teawick, Ober, and Lloyd.

On Improvements—Messer. Turton, Van Reswick, Orme, O'Hare, Johnn, Kussell, and Lloyd.

On Claims—Messers. Powell, Mohun, and Wilson.

On Cinfinished Business—Messer. Palmer and Milstend.

On Elections—Messers. Wallace, Ober, and Wilson.

On Potice—Messers. Mulloy, O'Hare, Parker, Powell, Castleman, Johrer, and Lloyd.

Canals—Messers. Castleman, Orme, Ober, Van Reswick, Parker, and Milstend.

an Reswick.

On Money Transactions with Corporation—Mr. Jones.
Asylum—Mesers. Turton, Jones, Wallaco, and Mistead.
Count and Destroy Due Bille—Mr. Edmonston.
Register of Accounts—Mr. Bohrer.
Wharves—Mesers. Orme, Castleman, and Russell.
Health of the City—Mesers. Palmer, Parker, Wilson, and Mulloy.
Envolled Bills—Mr. Tree.
Eligibility of Assezsors—Mesers. Wallace, O'Hare, Parker, and conston.

Four District—Samuel S. 1890.

First District—William B. Randolph, (president,) Roger B, Ironside, and John Van Santvoord.

Second District—Peter F. Bacon, Erasmus M. Chapin, and James

Third District—John D. Brandt, William F. Price, and Francis S. Walsh. Valsh,
Fourth District—Charles Wilson, J. E. Willett, and Frederick

Note to Historics—Charles whom, J. E. Minett, and Proceedings of the Hoard—Robert Ricketts.

Necretary to the Hoard—Robert Ricketts.

Tressurer—Valentine Harbaugh.

OFFICERS OF THE ASYLUM, MTC.

Intendent of the Arylum—John R. Queen.

Physician to the Arylum—Dr. W. H. Berry.

Commissioners of the Arylum—George W. Emerson, George Matting, and Leonard Harbaugh.

Secretary to the Commissioners—John H. Noyes.

Commissioner of the Eastern Section of the Canal—Charles C. Edolin Commissioner of the Eastern Section of the Canal—William Wise.

Commissioners of the East Hurial Ground—Joeph Borrows, Thos.

Morgan; August Miller, sexton.

Commissioners of the East Burial Ground—John I. Brandt, George Commissioners of the East Burial Ground—John I. Brandt, George

Commissioner of the Year Annual Ground—Joseph Forrows, Inco.
Morgan; August Miller, sexton.
Commissioners of the East Buriel Ground—John 1. Brandt, George
V. Oyster; John O'Neale, sexton.
Inspector of Flour and Salled Provisions—Jos. Lyons.
Guager and Inspector—Florian Bilts.
Scaller of Weights and Masures—Hiram Richey,
Inspector of Fire Apparatus—John W. Martin. INSPECTORS AND MRASURERS. Inspectors and Measurers of Lumber-Peter Gallant, Wm. Douglas

amuel E. Beyer, Thomas W. Burch, and S. F. Gatos.

Metrurers of Grain, Bran, de.—John Wilson for the first district
and J. Z. Williams for the second district.

Wood and Coal Measurers—Joseph Z. Williams, Sam. C. Mickum,
ichard Winnatt, John Cumberland, and Win. P. Drury.

CERRS AND COMMISSIONER OF MARKETS.
of Centre Market—John Waters; Joseph Lyons, and Conner.
of Eastern Market—Michael Conner.
of Watern Market—William Walker. Clerk of Northern Market—George D. Spencer. Commissioners of the Centre Market—William Orme, Hudson Taylor, al Buckner Bajliss. Commissioners of the Western Market—William H. Walker and Wil-ms Brown. mers of the Northern Market-James T. Devine and Theo

mers of the Eastern Market -G. W. Johnson and France

First Ward—William Riggles. Second Ward—John T. Stewart. Third Ward—Zephaniah Jones. Fanth Ward—William Douglass. Fifth Ward—Geo. F. Smallwood.

First Ward—Thomas J. Jones.
Second Ward—Thomas Robbins.
Third Ward—Charles Keller.
Fourth Ward—Charles Keller.
Fifth Ward—John T. Neale.
Seinth Ward—James R. Wood.
Seventh Ward—H. O. Whitemere.

SCAVENGING Pirst Ward, 1st District—Wm. Barr. First Ward, 2d District—Daniel Linkins. Third Ward, 2d District—John Mack.
Fourth Ward, 1d District—Frunk in Hutchins.
Fourth Ward, 2d District—Ernst Loeffler.
Fifth Ward—Wim. T. Bassford.
Skiel Ward—James Cortain.
Secenth Ward—George N. Adams.
Seconth Ward—George N. Adams.

First District—Samuel Drury.
Second. Fourth, and Sixth Districts united—Thes. J. Williams.
Third District—John D. Clark, office on Twelfth street, a few doors clow D. elow D.

Fifth District.—William Thompson, office on Ninth street, between and E streets.

Seventh District.—Thomas C. Doon, office on Louisiana avenue, p ath District—Thomas C. Donn, office on Louisiana avenue, ne Seconda District—Inomas C. Donn, office on Louisman avenue, near land of Washington.

Eighth District—Patrick McKenna, office corner of Pennsylvania avenue and Fourth street east.

Ninth District—James Cull, office near Navy Yard.

Tenth District—Daniel Bowland, on the Island.

Guard-House—Thomas C. Denn.

Guard-House—Thomas C. Dom.

POLES EFERRICET.

Chief of Police—John H. Geddard.

Licatenants of Police—Noble J. Thomas, Edward McHenry.

Police Officers—First ward—John Dewdney, Wm. Daw, Wm. D. Ser
rin, and James F. Edwards.

Second ward—Wm. H. Fanning, Joseph Williamson, Charles G.

Eckloff, and James Ginnaty.

Third ward—James H. Suit, Patrick Gormley, Wm. L. Ross, and

Jacob F. King.

Fourth ward—L. Watson, H. W. Haskell, Henry Yeatman, and

Franklin Zimmerman. rankin Zimmerman.
Fifth ward.—H. C. Harrover, C. W. Arnold, Jacob Ash, Henry hash, and Reuten Collins at the Railroad Depot.
Sixth ward.—Francis S. Etelen and James S. Smith.
Seventh ward.—John M. Lleyd, James A. Gill, S. N. Chipley, and

Sevenith ward—John M. Lieyd, James A. Gui, S. N. Chippey, and Josiah Beitzell.

Special Police Officers—Daniel Whalen, Robert H. Harrison, John M. Special Police Officers—Daniel Whalen, Robert H. Harrison, John M. Thurnton, James Belt, John Kldwell, John W. Coombs, Thomas J. Kelly, Joseph S. Norwoot, Dennis Murphy, Frederick Schaffer, Michael Fitzgerald, Martin McNamara, Thomas Young, John F. Cartor, Thomas Stone, Lawrence Madone, John G. Stafford, James Scarf, Thomas Stone, Thomas Souton, William O. Neale, Benjamin Kurtz, Wim. Bablitt, Philip Hetchiason, James R. Gates, William Johnson, R. H. Degges, Peter Kraft, Alfred Henning, John Barnes, Wim. I. Hatton, Joseph Tucket, John Jay, Richard Evans, John T. Bradley, Peter Goodyear, George H. Morgan, John Browers, John J. Lacy, Alexander Hume.

Steam Machinery for Screw Propeller Sloops-of-War at the U. S. Navy Yards of Ports-mouth, N. H., Boston, New York, Philadel-phia, Gosport, and Pensacola.

NAVY DEPARTMENT, July 26, 1858 State Machinery for Screen Propeller Slooper of War," will be received at this department until 3 o'clork, p. m., o' the sighth to september next, for the complete construction of the sleam machinery and appositages, and placing the same on board, for each of the screw slooper of war building at the U.S. navy yards at Pertamouth, N. H., New York, Philadelphia, and Gosport in accordance with the following conditions:

N. H. New York, Philadelphia, and Gesport in accordance with the following conditions:

The offices must be for a specific sum for putting the whole in successful operation, must inclined all pattent fees, and the department will require a release from the proprietors of any patented article or arrangements used in or about the machinery and must state the time in which the work will be completed, and must be accompanied by the usual guarantee required by law.

The name of the establishment in which the work is to be executed must be stated. The details of the design and arrangement of the machinery will be left with the party whose propertion may be accepted as combining the greatest number of advantages, keeping in view cost, simplicity of construction, readiness of access for adjustment when in operation, and not being subject to derangement in the working parts; it being the object of the department to presure machinery which can develop great power when required so as to insure high specific ras many days as possible, while of the same time they will be able to project the vessel at a moderate speed with great economy of fuel, so that long voyages may be performed with ene supply of oad.

With this view the development of the state time they will

be able to propet the vesses at a moderate speed with great economy of fuel, so that long voyages may be performed with ene supply of coal.

With this view, the department will expect the bidders to guaranty the results proposed to be accomplished by their plans, and to specify those results under the following heads:

Int. The amount of horse power which the engines and boilers will be able to develop for five days consecutively when driven up to their highest capacity, to be measured on board the vessel by the indicator, at the rate of 33,000 pounds fifted one foot high in a minute and to be not less than 1,000 horse-power, and at least 50 revolutions per minute. The consumption of coals per horse power per hour must be stated. The pressure in pounds per square inch on the piston incossary to work the engines at the above velocity, the acrew being disconnected and the engines without a load, except the line of statting, must not exceed 2½ pounds per square inch of piston by indicator diagram.

24. The quantity of coal which can be stowed in the elips without according the total weight of 406 tons for machinery, appendages, bodiers and water in them, bunkers, tools, square pieces, and coal within the length occupied by the engines and bodiers. The bodiers to be of iron of the multitubular kind, with brase tubes and with telescopic emoke pipe, and, as it is intended to use fresh water in the bullers, a surface condenser of the most approved kind will be required.

The propeller with the connexions for holsting it will be of compo-

boilers, a surface condenser of the most approved kind will be required.

The propeller with the connexions for holsting it will be of composition, to be properly proportioned for at least 30 revolutions per minter and for the immersed amidship extican of the vessel.

The pumpe, apparatus for ventilating, and appurtenances of all kinds necessary for the perfect working of the whole to be of the most approved kinds.

The coal bunkers, shaft passage, two athwartship iron bulk heads, a distilling apparatus for fresh water, from which can be made not less than 500 gallons per day, and the tools find duplicate pieces necessary and satisfactory for an efficient cruining steam sloop of war, must be included in the proposition, and a list of them must be furnished.

less than 500 gallons per day, and the tools and superate pieces necessary and satisfactory for an efficient cruising steam sloop of war, must be included in the proposition, and a list of them must be furnished.

The wood and carpenter work, except the boring out the deadwood for the slaft necessary to adapt the vessel for the reception of the machinery, boilers, and appendages will be provided at the expense of the Navy Department, and it will permit the use of such facilities as it may have for hoisting the heavy machinery on board.

For the accommodation of the entire steam machinery and the fuel there will be allowed in the body of the ship, the entire space under the space deck commencing at 15 fest abaft the main mast, and thence extending forward a distance of 50 feet.

Within this space it is expected to carry coal for five days' steaming at the maximum speed.

In the specifications, the daily consumption of fuel will be stated; also the weight of the machinery, coal, boilers, water in them, shaft, propeller and appendages, with tools and spare work, all of which must not exceed 400 tons of 2,240 pounds.

The distance from the after side of the mainmast to the after side of the forward stern post will be about 80 feet, and the distance between the forward and the after stern posts will be seven feet. The depth from the load water line to the top of the Keel under the propellar will be 12 feet 1 inch.

The proposal must be accompanied by full specifications and general drawings, having the position of the centre of gravity of the machinery, boilers, &c., marked on them, giving also the capacity of the steam cylinders, pressure of steam, area of foot and delivery valves, and of sip pump and outboard delivery valves, space for steam above the water line of the beliers, the itre and grate surface, also the diameter, pitch, surface, and kind of propeller and other principal points, that comparisons can readily be made.

The terms of payment of the contract. When the whole shall have been made, there a furth

ibberty to reject the whose machinery, in constant whatever amount of the contract price may have been paid.

PROFOSALS will sake be received at the same time and place for the steam machinery and appendages, and placing the same on beard each of the screw sloops of war building at the navy yards at Boston, Philadelphia, and Pensacois under the specifications and conditions above stated, with variations in the following particulars, viz.

1st. Horse power 750 at, at least, 80 revolutions per minute.

2t. The total weight for machinery, appendages, boilers and water in them, bunkers, tools, spare pieces, and coal must not exceed 310 tons of 2,240 pounds each. The length occupied by the engines and boilers will commence 14 feet abat the mainmast, and thence extend forward a distance from the after-side of the forward stern post will be about 75 feet. The depth from the load water line to the top of the keel under the propeller will be 9 feet 2 inches.

University of Nashville.

I. COLLEGIATE DEPARTMENT, OR MILITARY COL-LEGE.

BERRIEN LINDSLEY, M. D., D. D., Chancel BERRIEN LINDSLEY, M. D., D. D., Chancel-lor of the University, and Professor of Chemistry and Geology, Col. B. R., JOHNSON, Superintendent of the Milliary College and Professor of Engineering. JAMES F. HAMILTON, A. M., Professor of Mathematics, Natura llosophy, and Astronomy. J. H. STEWART, A. M., Professor of Greek and Latin Languages an

terature. F. L. J. THYSSENS, A. M., Professor of French and Drawing. G. S. BLACKIE, A. M., M. D., Professor of Botony and Natural Hisery. J. W. HOYTE, A. M., M. D., Professor of Mental and Moral

Rev. J. W. HOLES, as a property of the commences on the 20th of Fallosophy, and Bibleal Literature.
C. K. WINSTON, M. D., Surgoon.
The first term of the next academic year commences on the 20th of September, and the second term 14th of February.
Tuition, bearding, weshing, feel, rooms, servants' attendance, and use of arms, \$100 per term. Matriculation fee, \$5. Students are researched, each be done at a moderate ulred to furnish their rooms, which can be done at a moquired to furnish their rooms, which can be done at a moderate charge, by rend or purchase. Engineering, French, Spanish, Ger-man, drawing, book-keeping, and fencing, each \$10 per term of twenty weeks.

In the regular collegiate course the uncient reputation of the Uni-versity for scientific and classical scholarship will be maintained, and at the same time every facility afforded those who desire to pursue a partial course. Besides the four regular college classes, there is also a preparatory class. Students under fourteen years of age will not be admitted.

be admitted.

By the aid of military discipline effective government is established and health, physical culture, good order, and industrious habits are For catalogues, or additional information, apply to any member of

H. MEDICAL DEPARTMENT. SESSION 1858-9.—The seventh annual course of lectures in this in-stitution will commence on Monday, the 2d of November next, and continue till the first of the ensuing March. THOMAS R. JENNINGS, M. D., Professor of Anatomy. J. BERRIEN LINDSDEY, M. D., Professor of Chemistry and Phar-

C. K. WINSTON, M. D., Professor of Materia Medica and Medical Ju risprudence.
A. H. BUCHANAN, M. D., Professor of Surgical Anatomy and Phys JOHN M. WATSON, M. D., Professor of Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Children.
PAUL F. EVE, M. D., Professor of Principles and Practice of Surgery. W. K. BOWLING, M. D., Professor of Institutes and Practice of Med-WILLIAM T. HRIGGS, M. D., Adjunct Professor and Demonstrates WILIAM T. RRIGGS, M. D., Adjunct Professor and Demonstrates of Anatomy.

The anatomical reoms will be opened for students on the first Monday in October, (the 5th.)

A prefundancy course of lectures, free to all students, will be given by the professors, commencing also on the first Monday of October. The Tronessee State Hospital, under the direction of the faculty, is open to the class free of charge.

A Clinique has been established in connexion with the University, at which operations are performed and cases proceribed for and lectured upon in the presence of the class.

Amount of fees for lectures is \$105; Marticulation fee (paid once only), \$5; Practical Anatomy, \$10; Graduation fee, \$25.

Good boarding can be procured for \$3 to \$4 per week. For further information or Cambogue apply to

W. K. BOWLING, M. D. Nashville, Tenn., Aug. 4,1858.

W. K. BOWLING, M. D.
Dean of the Fact

INITED STATES PATENT OFFICE, ON THE PETITION of Henry Stanley, of Albany, New York, praying for the extension of a patent granted to him on the 4th of Januar 1845, for an improvement in "coal stoyes," for seen years from the expiration of said patent, which takes place on the 4th day of January, 1859— January, 1859.

It is ordered that the said petition be heard at the Patent Office of the ordered that the said petition be heard at the Patent Office of the ordered to appear and show cause, if any they have, why said petition ought not to be granted.

Persons opposing the extension are required to file, in the Paten Office their objections, specially set forth in writing, at least twent days before the day of hearing; all testimony filed by either party the used at the said hearing must be taken and transmitted in accordance with the rules of the office, which will be furnished on applied tion.

BOOKS IMPORTED BY ATLANTIC TELE-

GRAPH.

ders for English books executed in fourteen days.

FRANKIAN FILLP, Bookseller,

28 332 Penn. avenue, bet. 9th and 10th streets.

[No. 617.] Sales of Public Lands in the Territory of Kansas.

In pursuance of law, it is hereby declared that public sales will be held, as made known in the notice of post-ponement stated May 27, 1888, as the undermentioned land offices in the Territory of Kansas, to wit:

At the land office at Lacourrow, commencing on Monday, the first day of Newsmher next, for the disposal of the public lands within the following townships and parts of townships, vix:

South of the base line and cast of the sixth principal meridian.

South of the base line and out of the sixth principal meridians.

The parts of townships 17 and 18 outside of the Indian reservation, and townships 19, 20, 21, and 22, of range 22.

That part of township 17 contains of the Indian reservation, and to subtips 18, 19, 20, 21, and 22, of range 21.

Sections 19, 27, 30, 31, 32, 33, and 34 of township 12; sections 3 to 10, inclusive; and 27 to 34, inclusive; and 37 to 34, inclusive; 37 to 39, inclusive; and the lost 1, 2, 3, and 3, of sections 3, 52, and 3, of sections 3 to 10, inclusive; and 27 to 34, inclusive; 27 to 39, inclusive; and the lost 1, 2, 5, and 4, of sections 31, 32, and 33, of township 15; the W §5, and the lost 2 and 3, of 34, lost 4 and 2, of 10; the W §6, and the lost 2 and 3, of 34, lost 4 and 2, of 15; to 11 and 2, of 29; the W §6, and the lost 2 and 3, of 29; to 14 and 2, of 27; lost 1 and 2, of 34; the W §6, and the lost 2 and 3, of 29; to 14 and 2, of 27; lost 1 and 2, of 34; the W §6, and the lost 2 and 3, of 29; to 14 and 2, of 27; lost 1 and 2, of 34; the W §6, and 18 the lost 2 and 3, of 29; to 14 and 2, of 27; lost 1 and 2, of 34; the W §6, and 18; the parts of townships 15, 16, and 17 outside of the Indian reservation, and townships 19, 10, 17; 18, and 19 outside of the Indian reservation, and townships 20, 21, and 22, of range 19.

Fractional township 11; townships 12, 13, and 14; the parts of townships 15, 10, 17; 18, and 19 outside of the Indian reservation, and townships 20, 21, and 22, of range 18.

At the land office at Lexourrow, commencing on Monday, the fifteenth day of November next, for the disposal of the public lands within the following townships and parts of townships 18.

South of the base line and east of the sixth principal meridias

South of the base line and cost of the sixth principal meridian.

Fractional township 11; townships 12, 13, and 14; the parts of townships 15 and 19 outside of the ladian reservation; and townships 20, 21, and 22, of range 17.

Fractional township 11; townships 12, 13, and 14; the parts of townships 15 and 19 outside of the Indian reservation; and townships 15 and 19 outside of the Indian reservation; and townships 15 and 19 outside of the Indian reservation; townships 13 and 14; the parts of townships 15 and 19 outside of the Indian reservation; townships 15 and 19 outside of the Indian reservation; townships 13 and 14; the parts of townships 15 and 19 outside of the Indian reservation; townships 15 and 14; the parts of townships 15 and 19 outside of the Indian reservation; and townships 20, 21, and 22, of range 15.

At the land office at Knesaroo, commencing on Monday, the first day of November next, for the disposal of the public lands within the following townships and parts of townships, viz.

South of the base line and cost of the sixth wrincipal meridian.

South of the base line and east of the sixth principal meridian.

Township 3, of range 23.

Townships 2, 3, 4, and 7, of range 22.

Townships 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6, and the parts outside of the India

Townships 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6, and the parts outside of the Indian reservation, of township 7, of range 21.

Sections 9, 10, 11, 13, 14, 15, 17, and 20 to 35, inclusive, of township 2; townships 3, 4, 5, and 6, and the parts outside of the Indian reservation, of township 7, of range 20.

Sections 19, 20, 21, and 28 to 35, inclusive, of township 2; township 3, 4, 5, and 6; and sections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 11, and 12, of township 7, of range 19.

Sections 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 13, 14, 15, and 17 to 35, inclusive, of township 6 and 7 coulside of the Indian reservation, of range 1s.

Sections 20 to 35, inclusive, of township 1; township 2; the parts of township 3, 4, and 6 and other inclusive, of township 6, of township 3, 4, and 5 unitside of the Indian reservation, and sections 1, 2, 5, 16, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 22, 23, and 24, of township 6, of range 17. tions 1, 2, 3, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 22, 23, and 24, of township 6, of range 17.

Sections 17 to 25, inclusive, of township 1; township 2; and the parts of township 3 outside of the ladian reservation, of range 16.

Sections 4 to 25, inclusive, of township 1; township 2; the parts of township 3, 4, and 5 outside of the Indian reservation, sections 4 to 9, inclusive, 17 to 21, inclusive, and 25 to 35, inclusive, sections 4 to 9, inclusive, 17 to 21, inclusive, and 25 to 35, inclusive, of township 6; sections 4 to 9, inclusive, and 17 to 21, inclusive, of township 7, of range 15.

Townships 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6, and the parts of township 7 outside of the Indian reservation, of range 14.

At the land office at Kextaroo, commencing on Monday, the 19th day of November next, for the disposes of the public lands within the following townships and parts of townships, viz:

South of the base line and cuts of the sixth principal meridian.

Townships 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6, and the posts of township 7, constidents.

South of the base line and cut of the sixth principal meridian.

Townships 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6, and the parts of township 7 outside of the Indian reservation, of range 13.

Townships 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5, of range 12.

Townships 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5, of range 11.

Townships 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5, of range 11.

Townships 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5, and the parts of townships 7, 8, 9, and 10 outside of the Indian reservation, of range 10.

Townships 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, and 10, or range 9.

Lands appropriated by law for the use of schools, military and other purposes, will be excluded from the sales.

The offering of the above lands will be commenced on the days appointed, and will proceed in the order in which they are advertised until the whole shall have been offered and the sales thus closed; but no sale shall be kept open longer than two weeks, and no private entry of any of the lands will be admitted until after the expiration of the two weeks. two weeks. Siven under my hand, at the city of Washington, this 21st day of

aly, 1858.
By order of the President:
THOS. A. HENDRICKS,
Commissioner of the General Land Office.

NOTICE TO PRE EMPTION CLAIMANTS. Every person entitled to the right of pre-emption to any of the land within the townships and parts of townships above enumerated is required to establish the same to the satisfaction of the register and reciver of the proper land office, and make payment therefor as soon a practicable after seeing this notice, and before the day appointed in the commoncement of the public sale of the lands combracing it tract claimed; otherwise such claim will be forfeited.

THOS. A. HENDRICKS,

Commissioner of the General Land Office.

July 24-1aw13w

Sales of Public Lands in the State of Louisiana To PURSUANCE of law, it is hereby declared that public sales will be held, as made known in the notice of postponement, dated May 27th, 1868, at the undermentioned land office in the State of Louisian, to wit.

At the land office at Monroe, commencing on Monday, the 20th day of September next, for the disposal of the public lands, herebyfore unoffered, in the following townships and parts of townships, viz.

North of the base line and cast of the principal meridian.

North of the base line and cast of the principal meridian.

Sections 2, 4, and 6; the NE ¼ and the N¼ of NW ¼ of N; the N ¼ of SE ¼, and the N ¼ of SW ¼ of SW ¼ of 12, of the midity eighteen; sections 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, and 30, of township induces; sections 1 to 26, inclusive; and sections 28, 20, 32, 34, and 36, of township twenty; and township tenty; and township tenty; and township tenty; and township tenty; and township twenty; and township tenty; and township tenty too, and the set there, or rame nine. and theody-three, of range rise.

Sections 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, and 36, of towardsp winders, sections 1 to 30, inclosive; and sections 32, 34, 35, and 35, of towardsp t entry, and towardsps twenty-one, thenty-two, and twenty-three, or range ten.

Thomships twenty, twenty-one, and twenty-two, of range eleven.

At the faud office at Monroe, commencing on Monday, the 27th day of September next, for the disposal of the vacant lands in the comnumbered sections, within the undermentioned towns main to the United States, within six miles on each side of the "Vicks, burg, Shreveport, and Texas railroad," subject, as required by law, to a minimum of two deliture and fifty cents per acre, cis: North of the base line and east of the principal meridian.

North of the base time and out of the principal merician.

Townships 17 and 18, of range 8.

Townships 16, 17, and 18, of range 9, 10, 11, and 12.

Townships 16, 18, and 17, of range 13 and 14.

The offering of the above lands will be commenced on the days appointed, and will preceed in the order in which they are advertised, until the whole shall have been offered, and the sales thus closed; until the whole shall have been offered, and the sales thus closed; until the whole shall have been offered, and the sales thus closed; until of all the sales thus closed; the town weeks, and no private entry of any of the lands will be admitted until after the expiration of the two weeks.

entry of any of the lanus win be administrated to two weeks.

Lands appropriated by law for the use of schools, military and other purposes, will be excluded from the sales.

Given under my hand, at the City of Washington, this sixteenth day of July, A. D. 1858.

By order of the President:

THOS. A. HENDRICKS,

Commissioner of the General Land Office. NOTICE TO PRE-EMPTION CLAIMANTS.

Every person entitled to the right of pre-emption to any of the lands within the townships and parts of townships above mentioned is required to establish the same to the satisfaction of the register and receiver, and make payment therefor as soon as practicable after seeing this notice, and before the day appointed for the commencement of the public sale of the lands embracing the tract claimety otherwise such claim will be forfeited.

THOS. A. HENDRICKS,

Commissioner of the General Land Office.

July 18—law13w

STATE OF GEORGIA, ELBERT COUNTY.

In the superior court of said county, March term, 1858. In the superior court of said county, March term, 1898. Present his Honer James Thomas, index of said court. Whereas sundry bills have been filled in this court by legatees us der the will of Wm. S. Burch, deceased, against John C. Barch, excutor of said will, for payment of their respective legacies, and claim ig that the legacy in said will Sarah Kesee should be paid to the parties entitled thereto in the event of her death, leaving no child ochildren. children.
It is ordered that said Sarah Kesse, or her children, or her or their legal representatives, appear in this court at or before the March term, 1859, to chain said legacy, as, in default of said appearance, said legacy will then be directed to be paid to the parties now before the court.

court.

And it is further ordered that a copy of this order be published once a month for sine months, the publication to be before the month of March, 1859, in the following newspapers, to wit: The Constitutional alts, published in Augusta Georgia; The Union, published in Washington, in the District of Coumbia; The Louisville Journal, published in Louisville, Kentucky; and some newspaper published in Cincinnati, Ohio. hlio.

A true extract from the milutes of the superior court of Elbert
county, Georgia, at March term, A. D. 1858, this 17th April, 1858.

April 27.—lamfun MOSES E. MR.LS, Clerk

HOW TO LAY OUT A GARDEN.—Intended as a general guide in choosing, forming, or improving an estate from a quarter acre to a hundred acres a extent, with reference to boilt the design and execution; by Edward Kemp, landscape gardener. I vol., London—illustrates.

A Manuel of Photographic Manipulation, beating of the practice of the art and its various applications to nature; by Lake Price. 1 vol., London.

rol., London.

Epi copal Succession in England, from the records, and chronicles of the Charch; by Wm. Stubba, Vicar of Novesbook. 1 vol., Oxford. Life and Times of Frederick Perties. 1 vol.

Doctor Antonio; a tale by the author of Lorenze Bendet. T is day received and for sale by

New Bookstore, 332 Pennsylva in avanue,

Aug 6 hetween 9th and 10th sepecta. THE CIVIL LAW OF SPAIN AND MEXICO.

Arrango) on the principles of the modern codes, with not and references Preceded by a historical introduction to the Spania and Mexican law, and imbodying in an appendix some of the momentum acts of the Mexican Congress. By Gustavias Schmidt. FRANCE TAYLOR. [No. 602.]

By the President of the United States. N pursuance of law, I, James Buchanan, President

following named townships, vis:

North of the base line and cast of the right principal meridion.

That part of township one outside of the Sac and Fox, and Half Breed, Nemain reservation, of range 17.

The parts of townships 1, 2, 3, and 4 outside of the Sac and Fox, and Half Breed, Nemain reservation, and fractional townships 5 and 6, of range 16.

That part of township one outside of the Sac and Fox reservation; township 2, the parts of townships 3, 4, and 5 outside of the Half Breed, Nomaha reservation; and fractional township 6, of range 15.

That part of township one outside of the Sac and Fox reservation townships 2, 3, and 4; that part of township 5 outside of the Half Breed, Nomaha reservation, and township 5, of range 14.

Townships 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6, of range 12.

Townships 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6, of range 17.

Townships 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6, of range 18.

Townships 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6, of range 19.

Townships 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6, of range 10.

Townships 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6, of range 10.

Townships 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6, of range 10.

Townships 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6, of range 10.

Townships 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6, of range 10.

At the land office at Nemerora Crry, commencing on Monday, the irth day of Neptember next, for the disposal of the public lands within he following-manned townships, viz:

North of the base line and out of the sixth principal

11. Townships 7, S, 9, 10, and 11, and fractional townships 12, 13, and 14, of range 10. Townships 7, S, and 13, and fractional townships 14, 15, and 16, of range 9.

Townships 7, 8, and 13, and fractional townships 14, 15, and 16, of range 9.

At the land office at Onana Crrv, commencing on Monday, the sixth day of September next, for the disposal of the public lands within the following-named townships, viz:

North of the base ione and exit of the sixth principal meridian.

Fractional townships 13, 14, 15, and 16, of range 14.

Fractional townships 12, and 13, tentships 14, 15, and 16, and fractional townships 12 and 13, townships 14, 15, and 16, and fractional townships 12, townships 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, and 18, and fractional townships 12, townships 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, and 18, and fractional townships 12, townships 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, and 18, and 19, and 20, of range 11.

Fractional townships 12, 13, and 14, and townships 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, and 20, of range 10.

Fractional townships 14, 15, and 16, and townships 17, 18, 19, and 20, of range 9.

Lands appropriated by law for the use of schools military, and observed.

20, of range 9.

Lands appropriated by law for the use of schools, military, and other purposes will be excluded from the sales.

The offering of the above lands will be commenced on the days appointed, and will proceed in the order in which they are advertised, until the whole shall have been offered, and the sales thus closed; but no sale shall be kept open longer than two weeks, and no private eatry of any of the lands will be admitted until after the expiration of the two weeks. the two weeks.

Given under my hand, at the city of Washington, this thirtish day of March, asno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight.

By the President:
Thos. A. Hexperent,
Commissioner of the General Land Office.

NOTICE TO PRE-EMPTION CLAIMANTS. NOTICE TO PRE-EMPTION CLAIMANTS.

Every person cuttled to the right of pre-emption to any of the lands within the townships and parts of townships above commerciate is required to establish the same to the satisfaction of the register and receiver of the propeg land office, and make payment therefor as seen as practicable after seeing this notice, and before the day appointed for the commencement of the public sale of the lands embracing the tract claimed, otherwise such claim will beforefeited.

Ap 3—lawt/s

Commissioner of the General Land Office, [Intel. and Star.]

[No. 606.1 Sales of Public Lands.

Sales of Public Lands.

In pursuance of the provisions of the 3d section of the act entitled "An act to authorize the President of the United States to cause to he surveyed the tract of land in the Territory of Minnesota belonging to the half-breads or mixed bloods of the Bacotah or Sioux nation of Indians, and for other purposes," approved July 17, 1854, it is hereby declared that public sales will be held, as made known in the notice of postponement, dated February 20, 1858, at the undermentioned land offices in the State of Minnesota, at the perioda hereimafter designated, to with

hereinatter designated, to wit:

At the land office at Hismanson, commoneing on the aixth day of
September next, for the disposad of the vacant public lands situated
within the following-namest townships and fractional townships in the
late reserve for the half-breads or mixed bloods of the bacetah or
Sloux nation of indiana, viz:

North of the base line and west of the Afth principal meridian.

The unlocated tracts in fractional township one hundred and eleven,
of range one.

The unlocated tracts in fractional township one hundred and eleven,
of range next.

The unlocated tracts in fractional townships one hundred and eleven and one hundred and twelve, of range twelve.

The unlocated tracts in township one hundred and eleven, and fractional townships one hundred and twelve and one hundred and threaten and the state of the state of

tional townships one hundred and twelve and one hundred and thirteen, of range thirteen.

The unlocated tracts in township one hundred and eleven, and in this part of township one hundred and twelve, and fractional township one hundred and thirteen, within the above-mentioned reserve, of range fourteen.

The unlocated tracts in that part of townships one hundred and eleven and o.e hundred and twelve, within the above-mentioned reserve, of range fifteen.

At the land office as Farmautt, commencing on the thirtieth day of August next, for the disposal of the public lands situated within the following named townships and fractional townships in the late reserve for the half-breeds or mixed-bloods of the Basedah or Sioux nation of Indians, viz:

North of the base line and west of the Afth principal meridian.

North of the base line and west of the fifth principal meridian. The unlocated tracts in that part of fractional township one hundred of ten, within the above-mentioned reserve, of range side. The unlocated tracts in that part of townships one hundred and ght and one hundred and nine, and fractional township one hundred

The unlocated tracts in that part of township one bundred and ten, within the above mentioned reserve, of range fourteen. The unlocated tracts in that part of township one hundred and ten, within the above mentioned reserve, of range fiftees.

The offering of the above lands will be commenced on the days appointed, and will proceed in the order in which they are advertised, and will proceed in the order of any the sains thus closed; but

Given under my hand, at the city of Washington, this twenty such day of May, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fi By order of the President :

NOTICE TO PRE-EMPTION CLAIMANTS. Every person cutiled to the right of pre-emption to any of the above-described lands, under the provisions of the act of Congress approved May 19, 1558, is required to establish the same to the satisfaction of the register and receiver of the proper land office, and make payment therefor as seen as practicable after seeing this notice, and before the day appointed for the commencement of the public sale of the inade embracing the tract claimed; otherwise such claim will be forfeited.

THOS. A. HENDRICKS,
Commissioner of the General Land Office.

Notice of the Postponement of the Public Sales in Nebraska, which were ordered to be held by Proclamation No. 602.

by Proclamation No. 602.

NOTICE is hereby given that the public sales of the vacant public lands within the Territory of Nebraska, which were ordered by proclamation No. 602, dated March 30, 1858, to be held at the land offices at Bhowsixuin, Namuska Cirv, and Darma Cirv, in the Territory of Namesska, on the 6th day of September 1859, prior to which period the sales will again be advertised according to law.

Acting Conamissioner of the General Land Office.

[Int. & Star.]

[No. 619] Notice of the discontinuance of the Land Office at Palmyra, in the State of Missouri.

at Palmyra, in the Sfate of Missouri.

OTICE is hereby given that, in pursuance of law, and in view of he fast that the unsoid had in the Parsyra district is reduced below one hundred thousand acres, the Secretary of the interior has directed the discontinuone of said district, and that the unsoid lands therein he made subject to sale and citry at Booss-Villa, in said State.

Londs remaining unsoid and unappropriated by law, and subject to entry at the office now discontinued, will cease to be subject to entry at said office from the date of the receipt of notice to that effect by the Register and Receiver thereof, and the land officers at Booneville will give public notice of the say on which they will be prepared to receive applications for entries of any such lands: at their office.

Given under my hand, at the city of Washington, this twenty-fourth day of August, A. D. 1888.

Arting Commissioner of the General Land Office.

[Int. & Star.]

TEACHER WANTED.—The trustees of the gage permanently a gentleman qualified to acta sprincipal of the stitution and a professor in the Latin and Greek language.

A personal interview with the candidates, and examination as to their schematic, attainments, together with credentials of good mural character, will be required.

Applications will be made for the ensuing year, commencing on the 1st of September.

The Bockville Academy is an endowed and incorporated school. The principal receives \$400 per annum from the State fund and three-fifths of the unition fees.

The town of Rockville is 15 miles from Washington, connected by turnishe with daily communication and rands, is remarkable for health, and possesses many social silvantages.

By order of the board:

Secretary. PEACHER WANTED .- The trustees of the

R. GILLET, Counsellor at Law, has remo blacking to his residence in Franklin flow, corner of K furtheenth streets. He will continue to derote his attention print by to cases in the United States Sopreme Court. Oct 28—dtr